## (Dot Matrix Liquid Crystal Graphic Display Common Driver)

# HITACHI

#### Description

The HD44105 is a common signal driver for LCD dot matrix graphic display systems. It generates the timing signals required for display with its internal oscillator and supplies them to the column driver (HD44102) to control display, also automatically scanning the common signals of the liquid crystal according to the display duty cycle.

It can select 7 types of display duty cycle 1/8, 1/12, 1/16, 1/24, 1/32, 1/48, and 1/64. It provides 32 driver output lines and the impedance is low (1 k $\Omega$  max) enough to drive a large screen.

#### Features

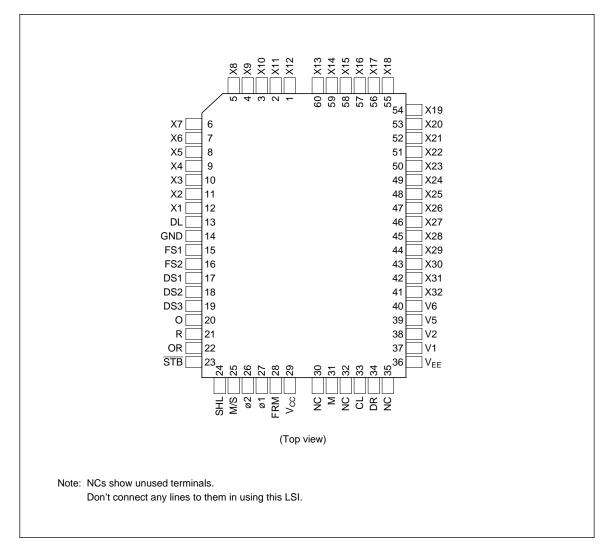
- Dot matrix graphic display common driver including the timing generation circuit
- Internal oscillator (oscillation frequency is selectable by attaching an oscillation resistor and an oscillation capacitor)
- Generates display timing signals
- 32-bit bidirectional shift register for generating common signals
- 32 liquid crystal driver circuits with low impedance
- Selectable display duty ratio: 1/8, 1/12, 1/16, 1/24, 1/32, 1/48, 1/64
- Low power dissipation
- Power supplies:
  - $-V_{CC} = +5 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$
  - V<sub>EE</sub> = 0 to -5.5 V
- · CMOS process

#### **Ordering Information**

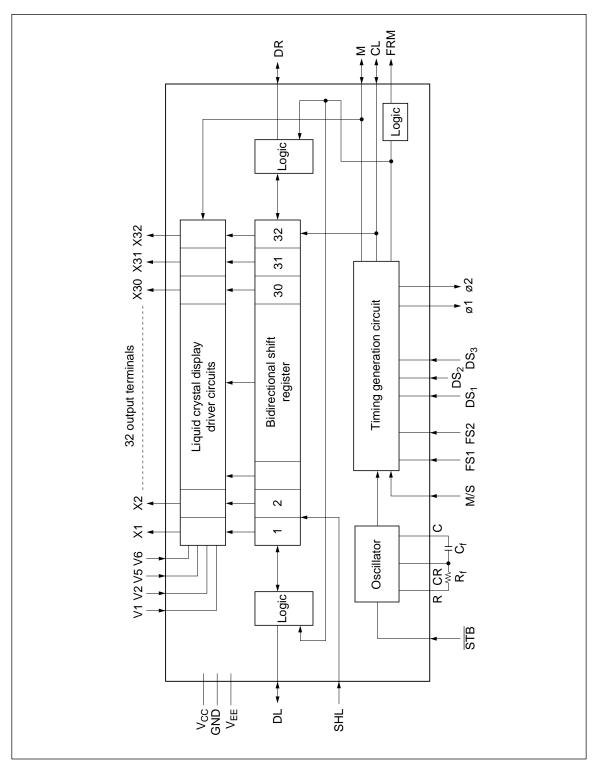
Туре No.	Package			
HD44105H	60-pin plastic QFP (FP-60)			
HD44105D	Chip			



#### **Pin Arrangement**



## **Block Diagram**



Pin Descr	iption		
Pin Name	Pin Number	I/O	Function
X1–X32	32	0	Liquid crystal display driver output. Relation among output level, M, and data (d) in shift register.
			M 1 0
			Output V2 V6 V1 V5 level
CR, R, C	3		Oscillator.
M	1	I/O	Signal for converting liquid crystal display driver signal into AC.
			Master: Output terminal Slave: Input terminal
CL	1	I/O	Shift register shift clock.
			Master: Output terminal Slave: Input terminal
FRM	1	0	Frame signal, display synchronous signal.
DS1-DS3	3	Ι	Display duty ratio select.
			Display Duty Ratio 1/8 1/16 1/32 1/64 – 1/12 1/24 1/48
			DS1 L L H H L L H H
			DS2 L H L H L H L H
			DS3 L L L H H H H
FS1–FS2	2	1	Selects frequency.
			The relation between the frame frequency ${\rm f}_{\rm FRM}$ and the oscillation frequency ${\rm f}_{\rm OSC}$ is as follows:
			$\begin{array}{ccc} FS1 & FS2 & f_{OSC} \left(kHz\right) & f_{FRM} \left(Hz\right) & f_{M} \left(Hz\right) & f_{CP} \left(kHz\right) \end{array}$
			L L 107.5 70 35 53.8
			H L 107.5 70 35 53.8
			L H 215.0 70 35 107.5
			H H 430.0 70 35 215.0
			f <sub>OSC</sub> :Oscillation frequencyf <sub>FRM</sub> :Frame frequencyf <sub>M</sub> :M signal frequencyf <sub>CP</sub> :Frequencies of ø1 and ø2

HD4410	5					
Pin Name	Pin Number	I/O	Function			
STB	1	1	Input terminal for testing.			
			Connect this terminal to V <sub>CC</sub> .			
DL, DR	2	I/O	Data I/O terminals of bidirectional shift register.			
SHL	1	I	Selects shift direction of bidirectional shift register.			
			SHL Shift Direction			
			$H$ DL $\rightarrow$ DR			
			L $DL \leftarrow DR$			
M/S	1	I	Selects Master/Slave.			
			<ul> <li>M/S = High: Master mode The oscillator and timing generation circuit operate to supply display timing signals to the display system. Each of I/O common terminals, DL, DR, M, and CL is in the output state.</li> </ul>			
			• M/S = Low: Slave mode The timing generation circuit stop operating. The oscillator is not required. Connect terminal CR to $V_{CC}$ . Open terminals C and R. One (determined by SHL) of DL and DR, and terminals M and CL are in the input state. Connect M, CL and one of DL and DR of the master to the respective terminals. Connect FS1, FS2, DS1, DS2, DS3, STB to $V_{CC}$ . When display duty ratio is 1/8, 1/12, 1/16, 1/24, 1/32, one HD44105 is required. Use it in the master mode. When display duty ratio is 1/48, 1/64, two HD44105s are required. Use one in the master mode to drive common signals 1 to 32, and another in the slave mode to drive common signals 33 to 48 (64).			
ø1, ø2	2	0	Operating clock output terminals for HD44102. The frequencies of ø1 and ø2 are half of oscillation frequency.			
V1, V2,	4		Liquid crystal display driver level power supply.			
V5, V6			V1 and V2: Selected level V5 and V6: Non-selected level			
V <sub>CC</sub> , GND	3		Power supply.			
V <sub>EE</sub>			$V_{CC}$ – GND: Power supply for internal logic $V_{CC}$ – $V_{EE}$ : Power supply for liquid crystal display drive circuit logic			

#### **Block Functions**

#### Oscillator

The oscillator is a CR oscillator attached to an oscillation resistor Rf and an oscillation capacity Cf. The oscillation frequency varies with the values of Rf and Cf and the mounting conditions. Refer to electrical characteristics (note 10) to make proper adjustment.

#### **Timing Generation Circuit**

This circuit divides the signals from the oscillator and generates display timing signals (M, CL, and FRM) and operating clock ( $\emptyset$ 1 and  $\emptyset$ 2) for HD44102 according to the display duty ratio set by DS1 to DS3. In the slave mode, this block stops operating. It is meaningless to set FS1, FS2 and DS1 to DS3. However, connect them to V<sub>CC</sub> to prevent floating current.

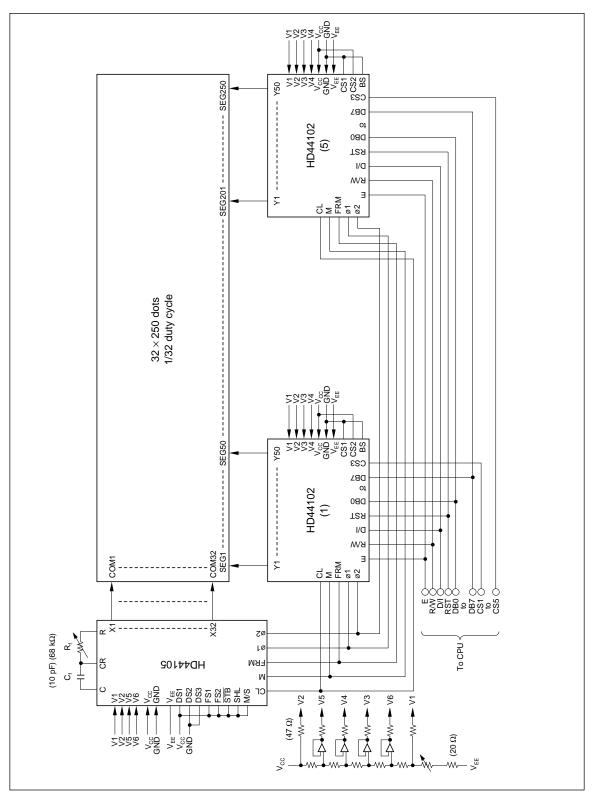
#### **Bidirectional Shift Register**

A 32-bit bidirectional shift register. The shift direction is determined by the SHL. The data input from DL or DR performs a shift operation at the rise of shift clock CL.

#### Liquid Crystal Display Driver Circuit

Each of 32 driver circuits is a multiplex circuit composed of four CMOS switches. The combination of the data from the shift register with the M signal allows one of the four liquid crystal display driver levels V1, V2, V5, and V6 to be transferred to the output terminals.

## Connection between HD44105 and HD44102



Item	Symbol	Ratings	Unit	Notes
Supply voltage (1)	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3 to +7.0	V	1
Supply voltage (2)	V <sub>EE</sub>	$V_{CC} - 13.5$ to $V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	
Terminal voltage (1)	V <sub>T1</sub>	–0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V	1, 2
Terminal voltage (2)	V <sub>T2</sub>	$V_{EE} - 0.3$ to $V_{CC}$ + 0.3	V	3
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-20 to +75	°C	
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	–55 to +125	°C	

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Ta = 25°C)

Notes: 1. Referred to GND = 0 V.

2. Applied to input terminals (except for V1, V2, V5, and V6) and I/O common terminals.

3. Applied to terminals V1, V2, V5, and V6. Connect a protection resistor of 47  $\Omega \pm 10\%$  to each terminal in series.

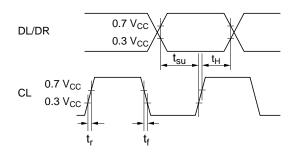
Electrical Characteristics (V\_{CC} = +5 V  $\pm 10\%$ , GND = 0 V, V<sub>EE</sub> = 0 to -5.5 V,

 $Ta = -20 \text{ to } +75^{\circ}C)^{(Note 4)}$ 

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Condition	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	$0.7 \times V_{CC}$		V <sub>CC</sub>	V		5
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	0	_	$0.3  imes V_{CC}$	V		5
Output high voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.4	_	_	V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -400 μA	6
Output low voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>			0.4	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 400 μA	6
Vi-Xj on resistance	R <sub>ON</sub>	_	—	1000	Ω	$V_{EE} = -5 V \pm 10\%$ , load current ±15 µA	
Input leakage current (1)	I <sub>IL1</sub>	-1	_	1	μA	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ to GND	7
Input leakage current (2)	I <sub>IL2</sub>	-5	_	5	μA	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ to $V_{EE}$	8
Shift frequency	F <sub>SFT</sub>			50	kHz	In slave mode	9
Oscillation frequency	f <sub>OSC</sub>	300	430	560	kHz	Rf = 68 kΩ ±2%, Cf = 10 pF ± 5%	10
External clock operating frequency	f <sub>CP</sub>	50	_	560	kHz		11
External clock duty cycle	Duty	45	50	55	%		11
External clock rise time	t <sub>rCP</sub>	_	_	50	ns		11
External clock fall time	t <sub>fCP</sub>		_	50	ns		11
Dissipation power (master)	$P_{W1}$	_	_	4.4	mW	CR oscillation, 430 kHz	12
Dissipation power (slave)	$P_{W2}$	_		1.1	mW	Frame 70 Hz	13

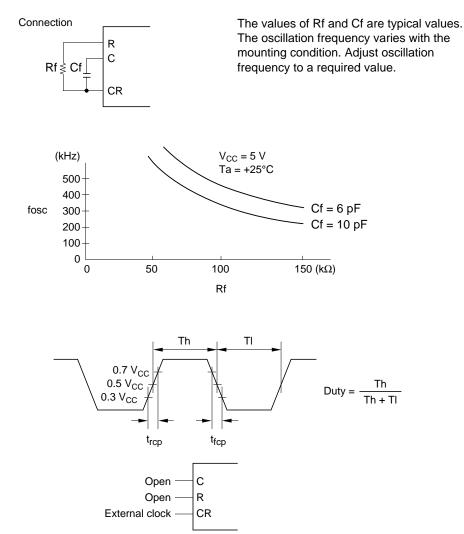
Notes: 4. Specified within this range unless otherwise noted.

- 5. Applied to CR, FS1, FS2, DS1 to DS3, M, SHL, M/S, CL, DR, DL, and STB.
- 6. Applied to DL, DR, M, FRM, CL, ø1, and ø2.
- 7. Applied to input terminals CR, FS1, FS2, DS1 to DS3, SHL, M/S, and STB and I/O common terminals DL, DR, M, and CL at high impedance.
- 8. Applied to V1, V2, V5, and V6.
- 9. Shift operation timing.



	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t <sub>su</sub>	5	—	—	μs
t <sub>H</sub>	5	—	—	μs
t <sub>r</sub>	—	—	100	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	_	_	100	ns

10. Relation between oscillation frequency and Rf, Cf.



12. Measured by V<sub>CC</sub> terminal at output non-load of Rf = 68 k $\Omega$  ± 2% and Cf = 10 pF ± 5%, and 1/32 duty cycle in the master mode.

Input terminals are connected to  $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize CC}}$  or GND.

11.

13. Measured by  $V_{CC}$  terminal at output non-load, 1/32 duty cycle, and frame frequency of 70 Hz in the slave mode.

Input terminals are connected to  $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize CC}}$  or GND.